Function to read the maze from filename

```
def readMaze(filename):
```

```
f = open(filename, "r")
```

```
if f.mode == "r":
```

```
walls = [] ## defines locations of list walls as (row, col)
```

```
foods = [] ## defines locations of list foods as (row, col)
```

pacmanPos = 0 ## define pacman position as tuple (row, col)

```
y = 10
```

while True:

str = f.readline() ## read one line from the file

```
if str=="": break ## stop loop if an empty (or end of file)
```

string is reached.

x = 10

for k in str:

if k == '*': ## star indicate a wall

walls.append((x, y)) # append (row, col) to walls list

if k == '.': ## period indicates a food

foods.append((x, y)) # append (row, col) to foods list

if k == 'P': ## letter P indicates player

pacmanPos = (x, y) # set pacman position to (row, col)

x += Problem.xStep

y += Problem.yStep

Problem.xMax = x # save row in the problem static data class f

later use

Problem.yMax = y # save col in the problem static data class f

later use

```
Problem.walls = walls # save walls in the problem static data class for
```

later use

```
return Problem(foods, pacmanPos) # declare class Problem with foods and
pacman position
class Problem():
  walls = 0
  xMax = 0
   yMax = 0
   xStep = 40
  yStep = 40
   directions = {'u': (0, -yStep), 'd': (0, yStep), 'l': (-xStep, 0), 'r': (xSte
```

0)} # direction as dictionary

def __init__(self, foods, pacmanPos):

```
self.foods = foods
```

self.pacmanPos = pacmanPos

def isGoal (self, currentPos): ## goal is true when current position of pacm

reaches the food

if currentPos == self.foods[0]: return True

return False

def startState (self): ## start state is pacman position

return self.pacmanPos

def legalActions (self, currentPos): ## return legal actions for the curre

position

x, y = currentPos

actions = []

for action in Problem.directions.keys(): ## select an action: u, d, l, r

dx, dy = Problem.directions[action]

newPos = (x + dx, y + dy) # compute new position for that action

x1, y1 = newPos

if new position is out of the maze boundaries, then skip that new

position

if x1 < 10 or y1 > Problem.yMax: continue

if y1 < 10 or y1 > Problem.yMax: continue

if the new position is in the walls list, then skip that new positi

if newPos in Problem.walls: continue

save the action in the actions list.

actions.append(action)

return actions

method to compute the next position after applying the action on the curren

position

def successor (self, action, currentPos):

dx, dy = Problem.directions[action]

x, y = currentPos

newPos = (x + dx, y + dy)

return newPos