**ETHICAL AND PROFESSIONAL PRACTISE**

a) There are several professional and ethical standards that can be used in the police department in assisting this officer in his decision making. The police officer should carry out his duties and obligation to the best of his abilities. He should be fully responsibility for and be fully ready to explain and justly, his actions and practice code of ethics. These codes of ethics and professional standards streamline the behaviors of police officers and help them in making the right judgement (Barker, 2011).

b) There are several professional and ethical standards that should be put in place from the prison administration to assist this guard in making decision. All the days, the officer must have veracity, high morals and good values as character traits so they can deliver convictions to avoid inmate management and forfend the many scams convicts use to endeavor to take advantage of him. These professional and ethical standards are very useful since they train officers to acquire how to use precarious skills (Skolnick, 2011).

c) A police officer must always have a search warrant when conducting an ethical and legal search. This does not necessarily apply to a probation officer. Under the fourth amendments, the people’s right to privacy is protected beside irrational quests and confiscations unless under credible cause, reinforced by Pledge or pronouncement, and predominantly relating the place to be examined, and the individuals or items to be detained. Any police officer who collects evidence without search warrants in areas that deem private violates the exclusionary rule (Dunham & Alpert).

d) In the court case, Herring vs United States, a search warrant had been recalled earlier but it was never put on record. This means that the exclusionary rule would have protected Herring. Failure to put the recall of warrant on record was very unethical and unprofessional. This mistake dictated the course of judgement and given that a gun and drug was retrieved in his apartment, the court found it inadmissible to uphold the exclusionary rule.

Court Officers and all medics must act knowledgeably, assiduously and with comprehensive candor when handling with the law court.

e) Based on the ethical and professional practices of each of the branches, the Herring vs United States court case is a bit more in line with my ethical beliefs and professional disposition because despite the court’s failure to record the recalled warrant, the judgement was still sound and correct since the exclusionary rule was ruled to be inadmissible given that the search yielded drugs and illegal guns in the convict’s premise.

References

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