## U.S. Stateside Suspect Detainee Rights

Several Web sites offer input on the U.S. stateside suspect detainee rights and the interrogation of a suspected terrorist detainee. You can refer to these Web sites in the **Webliography** of this course.

**Right of** *Habeas Corpus*: *Boumediene v. Bush* (2008) is a Supreme Court decision that determined that the U.S. government could not deny individuals the right of *habeas corpus*—the right to seek a hearing for consideration of being released from custody—just because they had been designated as enemy combatants. Refer to the title called *Boumediene v. Bush* in the **Webliography** section to read a summary of the *Boumediene v. Bush* (2008) case and access the mp3 audio files of the oral arguments in the Supreme Court.

Constitutional Rights to Enemy Combatants: Refer to the title called Constitutional Rights to Enemy Combatants in the Webliography section to read an opinion column that contains a review of the issues and concerns related to providing constitutional rights to enemy combatants in interrogations.

**Rights of People Captured in War**: Refer to the title called **Rights of People Captured in War** in the **Webliography** to obtain a summary of the Geneva Conventions that protect the rights of those captured in war time. A strong effort has been made to refer to the captured participants of Al Qaeda as "enemy combatants" instead of "prisoners of war" to argue that the Geneva Conventions do not apply.

Miranda Rights for Enemy Combatants: Refer to the title called Miranda Rights for Enemy Combatants in the Webliography to obtain a reliable news account of the Miranda issue for enemy combatants.