

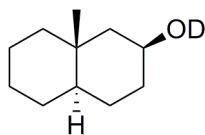


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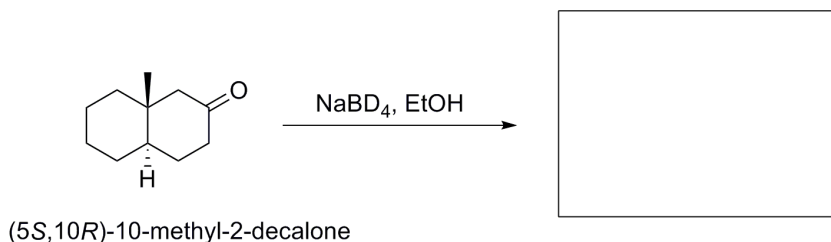
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1. A summer undergraduate student was assigned the task to synthesize the compound given below.

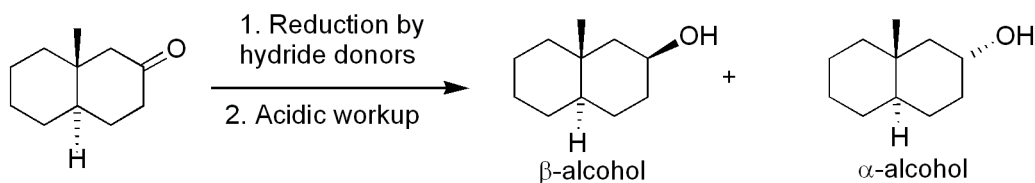


He started off the synthesis by reacting the (5*S*,10*R*)-10-methyl-2-decalone with NaBD₄ in ethanol followed by quenching the reaction with water. On analyzing the NMR spectrum, the student was surprised to see a broad singlet at δ 3.58. He was also expecting a peak at δ 3.17 which was absent in the NMR spectrum. (He had used CDCl₃ as a solvent for the NMR.)

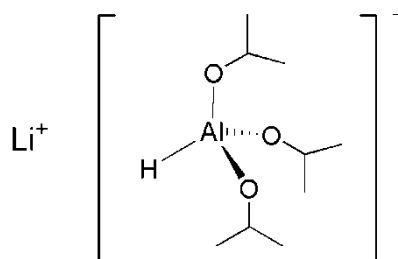


- (1 Point) Write the structure of the compound (the major diastereomer) the student obtained in the box above.
- (2 Points) Explain how the NMR spectrum of the desired product (the major diastereomer) would differ from the one he obtained. (Think of the differences in peaks only above δ 2.5ppm. Base your answer on chemical shifts involved and consider a simpler splitting pattern to answer the question.)
- (2 Points) Design a synthetic scheme the student could use to get to the desired product. Demonstrate mechanistically how this new synthesis would yield the desired product. (Use chair structures while writing the mechanism). You may continue at the back of this page.

2. Answer the following questions based on the relative amounts of alcohols produced on reduction of (5*S*,10*R*)-10-methyl-2-decalone with different reducing agents as given below:



Reducing agent	β -alcohol (%)	α -alcohol (%)
NaBH ₄ (in isopropanol)	70	30
LiAlH ₄ (in diethyl ether)	60	40
LiAlH(O ^{<i>i</i>} Pr) ₃ (in diisopropyl ether)	95	5



Where LiAlH(O^{*i*}Pr)₃ \equiv

- A. (2 Points) What reducing agent (out of the three given above) would you use to achieve the fastest reduction of 10-methyldecalone? (Assume you do not need a stereochemically pure compound.) Explain why you chose a particular reducing agent and compare its reactivity with the other two in the list.

- B. (1 Point) Explain why a significantly higher amount β -alcohol is formed on reduction of (5*S*,10*R*)-10-methyl-2-decalone with lithium triisopropoxyaluminumhydride as compared to sodium borohydride.



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